



National Ice Skating Association (NISA) Equality Policy

1. Policy Objectives

- 1.1. NISA is fully committed to the principles and practice of equality of opportunity in all its functions. It is responsible for ensuring that no job applicant, employee, volunteer, Member, service user or person within its jurisdiction (together "Stakeholders") are unlawfully discriminated against because of age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation (together the "Protected Characteristics under the Equality Act 2010") or any other relevant characteristic.
- 1.2. NISA considers the ice skating disciplines to provide "sport for all". They can and should be made accessible to everyone, to the greatest extent possible.
- 1.3. To that end, all employees, volunteers, clients, members, suppliers and contractors, whether permanent or temporary, are responsible for the promotion and advancement of this Equality Policy. NISA will also encourage partner organisations to adopt and demonstrate their commitment to the principles and practice of equality as set out in this Equality Policy.

2. Purpose of the Policy

- 2.1. NISA recognises that individuals (and/or certain groups in our society who share one or more Protected Characteristics) may not have been able to participate equally and fully in sports related activities in the past. This Policy has been produced to try to prevent and address any unlawful discrimination or other unfair treatment, whether intentional or unintentional, direct or indirect, against Stakeholders that may preclude them from participating fully in ice skating's related activities.
- 2.2. NISA recognises the diversity of provision that is required in order to ensure that all people regardless of their Protected Characteristics or social or economic background can access skating and develop at a level that is appropriate to them.
- 2.3. NISA recognises the need to provide different and diverse opportunities as a means of creating entitlement and access.
- 2.4. In addition, NISA recognises that we live in a diverse society and will endeavour to ensure that all Stakeholders are given the same opportunities regardless of their protected characteristics and / or socio-economic backgrounds.
- 2.5. Internally, NISA is fully committed to the elimination of unlawful and unfair discrimination

and values the differences that a diverse set of Stakeholders brings to the organisation. This Policy has been produced to try to prevent and address any unlawful discrimination or other unfair treatment, whether intentional or unintentional, direct or indirect, against the Stakeholders. NISA shall also promote dignity in the workplace through its Commitment to Dignity in the Workplace statement, which forms a related but separate policy of NISA. Other related but separate HR policies shall also be implemented and/or maintained to further the objectives of Equality and Diversity generally and reflect changes in legislation in particular the Equality Act 2010.

3. Legal Requirements

- 3.1. NISA is required by law not to unlawfully discriminate against its Stakeholders and recognises its legal obligations under, and will abide by the requirements of, the Equality Act 2010, and any equivalent legislation (as amended) in any UK jurisdiction, Jersey, Guernsey or the Isle of Man and any later amendments to such legislation or subsequent equality related legislation that may be relevant to NISA.
- 3.2. NISA will seek advice each time this Policy is reviewed to ensure it continues to reflect the current legal framework and good practice.
- 3.3. NISA recognises the following as being unacceptable:

“Discrimination, harassment, bullying and victimisation”

- 3.4. Unlawful discrimination which can take the following forms:
 - 3.4.1 *Direct Discrimination*: treating someone less favourably than you would treat others because of a Protected Characteristic.
 - 3.4.2 *Indirect Discrimination*: applying a provision, criterion or practice which, on the face of it, applies equally to all but which, in practice, can disadvantage individuals with a particular Protected Characteristic. Such requirements or conditions are lawful only if they can be objectively justified.
 - 3.4.3 *Harassment*: engaging in unwanted conduct relating to a relevant Protected Characteristic or unwanted conduct of a sexual nature where the conduct has the purpose or effect of violating the recipient's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for the recipient, or any other individual affected by such conduct. NISA is committed to ensuring that its Stakeholders are able to conduct their activities free from harassment.
 - 3.4.4 *Bullying*: the misuse of power or position to criticise persistently or to humiliate and undermine an individual's confidence.

3.4.5 *Victimisation*: subjecting someone to a detriment because he or she has in good faith taken action under the Equality Act 2010 (or equivalent legislation) by bringing proceedings, giving evidence or information in relation to proceedings, making an allegation that a person has contravened the Equality Act 2010 (or equivalent legislation) or doing any other thing for the purpose of or in connection with the Equality Act 2010 (or any equivalent legislation).

3.5. NISA regards discrimination, harassment, bullying or victimisation, as described above, as serious misconduct. All complaints will be taken seriously and appropriate measures including disciplinary action may be brought against any Stakeholder who unlawfully discriminates against, harasses, bullies or victimises any other person.

“Transgender Athletes”

3.6 NISA considers that the ice skating disciplines are gender affected sports under the Equality Act 2010 and refers any transgender athletes to its policy relating to participation by transgender persons.

4. Responsibility, implementation and communication

4.1. The following responsibilities will apply:

4.1.1. The Board of NISA is responsible for ensuring that this Equality Policy is implemented, followed, and reviewed when appropriate. The NISA Board is also responsible for ensuring that this Equality Policy is enforced and any breaches are dealt with appropriately. The Chief Executive has the overall responsibility for the implementation of this Equality Policy.

4.1.2. A Director of NISA will be appointed by the Board in consultation with the Chief Executive as the "Equality Champion" and will ensure that equality is included as an agenda item at Board meetings when appropriate and that the Board takes equality issues into consideration when making decisions.

4.1.3. *A member of staff will be designated by the Chief Executive, in conjunction with the Equality Champion, as an officer with responsibility for equality and who shall be known for the purposes of this Policy as “Equality Officer”. The Equality Officer shall work in conjunction with the Equality Champion, and will have the overall day-to-day responsibility for the implementation of this Equality Policy and for achieving any equality related actions resulting from it. An internal cross-departmental equality and diversity group will be created to provide additional support, which shall be chaired by the Equality Officer.*

4.1.4. Objectives relating to fair and inclusive practices will be included in all employees' performance indicators and will form an integral part of performance reviews throughout the year. Individual work programmes for NISA staff will be amended

to include equality-related tasks where appropriate.

4.2. This Equality Policy will be implemented as follows:

- 4.2.1 NISA will establish an Equality Action Plan which shall include a review of its policies and practices on an ongoing basis, to ensure continuing compliance with relevant legislation, demographics and internal business requirements, and where possible good practice.
- 4.2.1. NISA will develop and cascade other applicable policies, procedures and statements required to further this Equality Policy and the objectives of equality and diversity generally; NISA will also maintain, develop and cascade as appropriate current related policies.
- 4.2.2. All job packs sent out by NISA will contain a policy statement
- 4.2.3. No applicant for any post (including job applicants, consultant advisers and suppliers) will be placed at a disadvantage by requirements or conditions which are not necessary to the performance of the job or which constitute unlawful discrimination.
- 4.2.4. Consultants and advisers (and where appropriate suppliers) to NISA will be required to abide by this Equality Policy and it will be referred to in any service level agreements or contracts issued by NISA.
- 4.2.5. NISA will join appropriate organisations in order to network, promote and exchange best practice.

4.3. This Equality Policy will be communicated in the following ways:

- 4.3.1. The Policy will be included in any employee handbook (or equivalent paper or electronic document). Reference will be made to this Equality Policy in any code of conduct. This Equality Policy is for guidance only and will not form part of any contract of employment with any employees of NISA.
- 4.3.2. The Policy will be highlighted in all staff and volunteer inductions.
- 4.3.3. A copy of this Equality Policy will be publicly available on NISA's website and copies in other formats will also be available from NISA's Head Office.
- 4.3.4. NISA will promote and deliver continuing Equality and Respect professional development for all employees to support equal opportunities within the organisation.
- 4.3.5. NISA will produce, maintain and monitor an Equality Action Plan to ensure the

objectives of this Equality Policy are consistently delivered throughout all areas of the organisation.

5. Monitoring and Evaluation

- 5.1. This Equality Policy will remain in force until it is amended, replaced or withdrawn. A review of this Equality Policy will take place as and when required, but not less than once every three years.
- 5.2. The Equality Action Plan, created to ensure the objectives of this Equality Policy are delivered, will be reviewed by the Equality Champion regularly. Progress relating to the Policy will be recorded annually and a full report will be presented to the Board to debate progress and review the policy status.

6. Complaints Procedures

- 6.1. To safeguard individual rights under this Equality Policy, any Stakeholder who believes they have suffered inequitable treatment within the scope of this Equality Policy may raise the matter through the appropriate procedure. In the event that it is a complaint regarding this Policy or another policy of NISA, the complaint shall be directed to the NISA complaints and discipline policy.
- 6.2. *Where assistance is needed in identifying the appropriate procedure, the Equality Officer may assist in the first instance (without comment on the merits of the complaint).*
- 6.3. Appropriate action may be taken against any NISA Stakeholder who is found to have violated this Equality Policy.

7. What is Bullying and Harassment?

- 7.1 **Bullying** is offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour, and/or an abuse or misuse of power that is meant to undermine, humiliate or injure the person on the receiving end. Examples of bullying would include picking on someone or setting him/her up to fail or making threats or comments about someone's job security without good reason.
- 7.2 **Harassment** is unwanted conduct related to relevant protected characteristics, which are sex, gender reassignment, race (which includes colour, nationality and ethnic or national origins), disability, sexual orientation, religion or belief and age, that:
 - has the purpose of violating a person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that person; or
 - is reasonably considered by that person to have the effect of violating his/her dignity or of creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment

for him/her, even if this effect was not intended by the person responsible for the conduct.

7.3 Examples of harassment include:

- unwelcome and unreciprocated behaviour of a sexual nature;
- demeaning comments about a person's appearance;
- innuendo with sexual references;
- references that sexual favours will help to further a person's career;
- chatting with racist, sexist and anti-gay suggestions or references;
- unwelcome jokes of a sexual or racial nature or about an individual's age;
- laughing along with other people's offensive jokes;
- comments aimed at people because of their age or disability;
- offensive remarks with racial overtones;
- excluding an individual because he/she is associated or connected with someone with a protected characteristic (for example, his/her child is gay, spouse is black or parent is disabled);
- repeated name calling related to an individual's religion or belief;
- ignoring an individual because he/she is perceived to have a protected characteristic, whether or not he/she does, in fact, have that protected characteristic (for example, an employee is thought to be Jewish, or is perceived to be atranssexual);
- the use of obscene gestures;
- the open display of pictures or objects with sexual or racial overtones, even if not directed at any particular person, eg magazines, calendars or pin-ups; and
- displaying sexually offensive material on the internet.

7.4 Conduct may be harassment whether or not the person behaving in that way intends to offend. Something intended as a "joke" may offend another person. Everyone has the right to decide what behaviour is acceptable to him/her and to have his/her feelings respected by others. Behaviour that any reasonable person would realise would be likely to offend will be harassment without the recipient having to make it clear in advance that behaviour of that type is not acceptable to him/her (for example, sexual touching). It may not be so clear in advance that some other forms of behaviour would be unwelcome to, or could offend, a particular person (for example, certain "banter", flirting or asking someone for a private drink after work). In these cases, first-time conduct that unintentionally causes offence will not be harassment but it will become harassment if the conduct continues after the recipient has made it clear, by words or conduct, that such behaviour is unacceptable to him/her.

7.5 A single incident can be harassment if it is sufficiently serious.

7.6 If you think you are being bullied or harassed, you may be able to sort out matters informally. The person may not know that his or her behaviour is unwelcome or upsetting. You may feel able to approach the person yourself, or with the help of someone else at NISA. You should tell the person what behaviour you find offensive and unwelcome, and say that you would like it to stop immediately.

- 7.7 If an informal approach does not resolve matters, or you think the situation is too serious to be dealt with informally, you can make a formal complaint by using NISA's complaints procedure.
- 7.8 NISA will treat complaints of bullying and harassment sensitively and maintain confidentiality to the maximum extent possible.
- 7.9 You have a right not to be victimised for making a complaint in good faith, even if the complaint is not upheld. However, making a complaint that you know to be untrue may lead to disciplinary action being taken against you.

8. Responsibilities

- 8.1 Every member of the NISA workforce is required to assist NISA to meet its commitment under the Equality Policy which includes providing equal opportunities in employment and avoid unlawful discrimination.
- 8.2 Individuals can be held personally liable as well as, or instead of, NISA, for any act of unlawful discrimination. Persons who commit serious acts of harassment may also be guilty of a criminal offence.
- 8.3 Acts of discrimination, harassment, bullying or victimisation against employees or other Stakeholders are disciplinary offences and will be dealt with under NISA's disciplinary procedure. Conduct of this type will often be gross misconduct which may lead to dismissal without notice.

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